

Gender-transformative
conservation of the Lake
Chad Basin



The project seeks to improve the climate resilience of marginalized communities, particularly women and youth, and ecosystems that are structurally vulnerable to climate change, through nature-based climate solutions in six Lake Chad Basin protected areas registered under the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands in Cameroon, Chad, and Niger.

The project directly supports 315,000 people (75% women) through improved resilient agriculture practices and communitarian conflict resolution processes.

Approximately 35.6% of the total contribution area overlaps with Key Biodiversity Areas